

Big-Five Personality Traits and Ego-Resilience Among Soldiers With Amputation

Naila Zeb, Irum Naqvi*, and Rabia Zonash

National Institute of Psychology, Quaid-e-Azam University, Islamabad,
Pakistan

The present study was conducted to see the relationship of personality traits and ego-resilience in soldiers with amputation. The research also took into consideration age, nature of amputation related differences in resilience. Urdu translated versions of scales; Ego Resilience Scale (Block & Kremen, 1996) and NEO-Personality Inventory -Revised Urdu Version (Costa & McCrae, 1992) were used in study. The sample comprised of 92 men soldiers (age ranged 20-50) with amputation. The findings revealed that ego-resilience was negatively related to neuroticism and positively related with extraversion, openness, agreeableness, and conscientiousness. Extraversion positively predicted the ego-resilience. Implications of the findings for future research on Pakistani soldiers with amputation are discussed.

Keywords: Personality traits, ego-resilience, amputation, soldiers